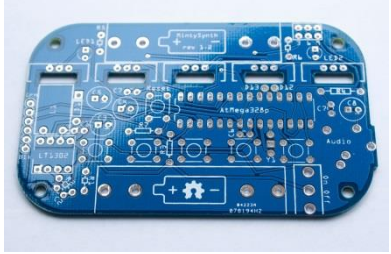
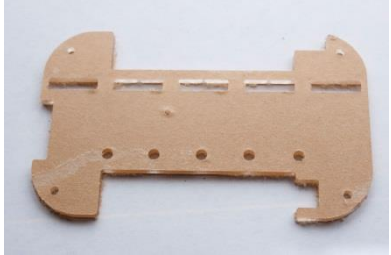


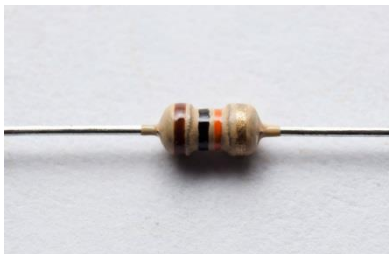


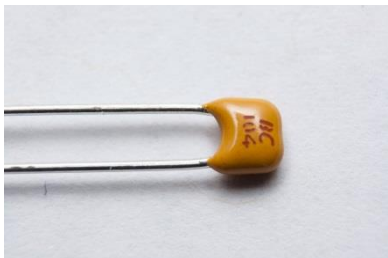


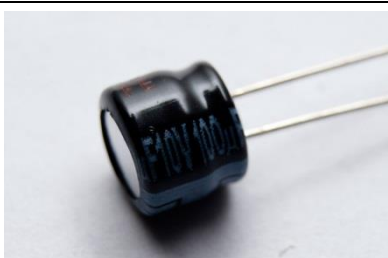
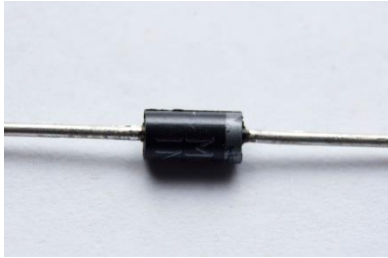
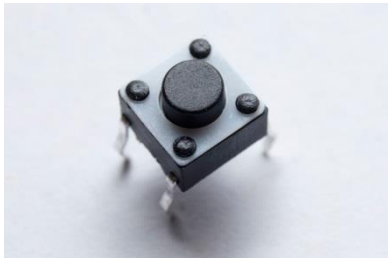
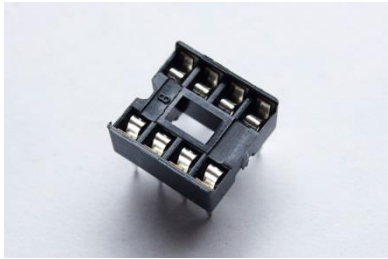
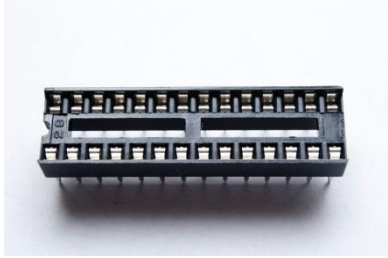

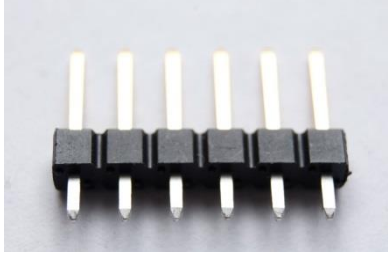
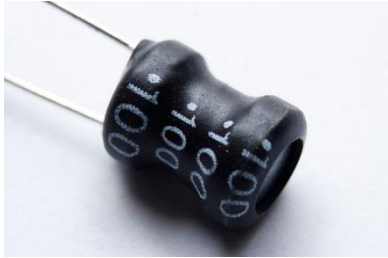

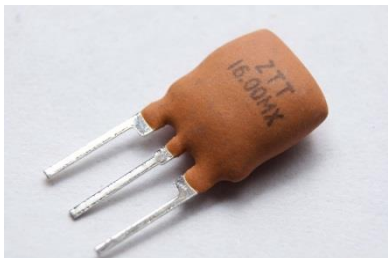
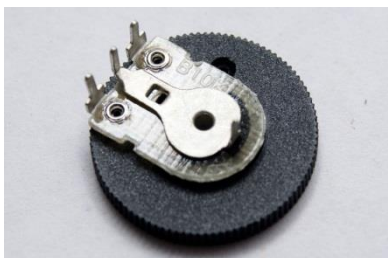




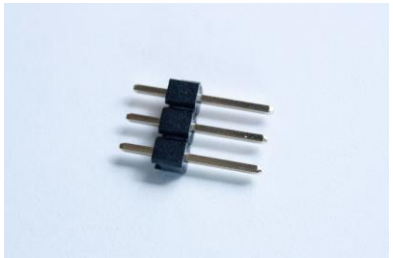
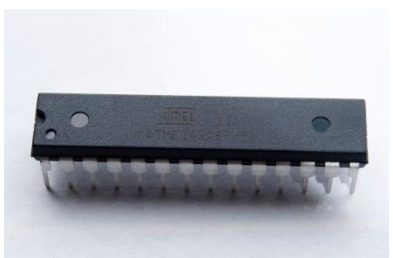
MintySynth parts list

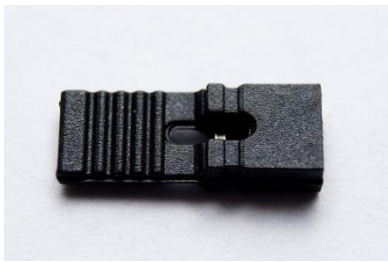


Item	part #	
PCB		
acrylic cover plate (shown with protective paper)		
<p>3.3kΩ resistor (orange, orange, red, gold)</p> <p>This resistor is used in the power supply circuit to prevent the LT1302 from going into “burst” mode, which can add noise in the audible range.</p>	R1	
<p>4.7kΩ resistor (yellow, violet, red, gold)</p> <p>This is used in the frequency compensation network for the LT1302.</p>	R2	
<p>10kΩ resistor (brown, black, orange, gold)</p> <p>R3 is used to limit the current from the batteries when we check the battery voltage.</p> <p>R7 is a pullup resistor to prevent accidental reset of the AtMega 328.</p>	R3, R7	

<p>1.5 kΩ resistor (brown, green, red, gold)</p> <p>This is part of the low-pass RC filter for the audio output.</p>	<p>R4</p>	
<p>330 Ω resistor (2) (orange, orange, brown, gold)</p> <p>These limit the current to the LEDs.</p>	<p>R5,R6</p>	
<p>100 nF (0.1 μF) ceramic capacitor (5)</p> <p>These are used as bypass capacitors and filters in various places.</p>	<p>C1,C2,C6,C7,C9</p>	
<p>330 μF electrolytic capacitor</p> <p>This capacitor provides a low-impedance input for the LT1302.</p>	<p>C3</p>	
<p>220 μF OS-CON capacitor</p> <p>These decoupling capacitors smooth the 5v output from the LT1302.</p>	<p>C4,C5</p>	
<p>100 μF electrolytic capacitor</p> <p>This removes the DC component of the audio output and acts as a high-pass filter.</p>	<p>C8</p>	

<p>Schottky diode</p> <p>Used by the boost circuit.</p>	<p>D1</p>	
<p>Reset button</p> <p>For resetting the AtMega 328. You'll probably never need it ;)</p>	<p>Reset</p>	
<p>8-pin DIP socket</p> <p>For the LT1302.</p>		
<p>28-pin DIP socket</p> <p>For the AtMega328.</p>		
<p>1/8" audio jack (the nut is located in the small hardware bag).</p>	<p>Audio</p>	
<p>6-pin FTDI header</p> <p>For programming the Atmega328 using a USB to FTDI adapter or cable.</p>		

<p>10 H radial inductor</p> <p>Used in the boost circuit.</p>	<p>L1</p>	
<p>buttons (5)</p>	<p>S1-S5</p>	
<p>16 mhz ceramic resonator</p> <p>The timer for the AtMega328. We use this instead of a crystal oscillator because it's more compact and more durable.</p>	<p>Y1</p>	
<p>10 kΩ thumbwheel potentiometers (5)</p>	<p>P1-P5</p>	
<p>red LED</p>	<p>LED1</p>	
<p>yellow LED</p>	<p>LED2</p>	

<p>6-pin jumper header</p> <p>Used to select which pin is used for the audio output.</p>		
<p>3-pin MIDI header</p> <p>Used to access Tx, Gnd, and 5v for sending MIDI signals to other devices. Can also be used for other communications or for powering small external devices.</p>		
<p>power switch</p>		
<p>AAA battery clip (4)</p>		
<p>Atmega 328P-PU</p> <p>The brains!</p>		
<p>Linear Technology LT1302CN8-5</p> <p>Boosts the battery voltage (around 2.4 V) to 5 V.</p>		

<p>jumper</p>		
<p>hex standoffs (4) (located in the small hardware bag)</p>		
<p>M2.5 Phillips-head screws (8) (located in the small hardware bag)</p>		
<p>plastic washers, 1.5 mm thick (2) (located in the small hardware bag)</p> <p>Used underneath the PCB on the left side to hold it off of the bottom of the tin.</p>		